

Science



*Kapow
Primary™*

National curriculum
coverage

Introduction

Kapow Primary offers full coverage of the KS1 and KS2 National curriculum for Science (2013).

This document contains each end of year attainment target from the National curriculum and information about the units that will help pupils on their learning journey to meeting that statement by the end of the year.

The Working scientifically attainment targets from the National curriculum are aimed to be covered over two years, which is why the working scientifically statements appear to be repeated.

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National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

<p>Year 1 and 2 - National curriculum Science content</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to use the following practical scientific methods, processes and skills through the teaching of the programme of study content:</p>	<p>Kapow Primary's Science strands</p>	<p>Kapow Primary topics Key stage 1 - Year 1</p>				
		<p><u>Seasonal changes</u></p>	<p><u>Everyday materials</u></p>	<p><u>Sensitive bodies</u></p>	<p><u>Comparing animals</u></p>	<p><u>Introduction to plants</u></p>
<p>asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways</p>	<p>Working scientifically</p>	✓	✓	✓		✓
<p>observing closely, using simple equipment</p>		✓	✓	✓		✓
<p>performing simple tests</p>			✓	✓		✓
<p>identifying and classifying</p>			✓		✓	
<p>using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions</p>			✓	✓		✓
<p>gathering and recording data to help in answering questions.</p>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

<p>Year 1 - National curriculum Science content</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to:</p>	<p>Kapow Primary's Science strands</p>	<p>Kapow Primary topics Key stage 1 - Year 1</p>				
		<p><u>Seasonal changes</u></p>	<p><u>Everyday materials</u></p>	<p><u>Sensitive bodies</u></p>	<p><u>Comparing animals</u></p>	<p><u>Introduction to plants</u></p>
<p>identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees</p>	<p>Scientific knowledge and understanding</p>					<p>✓</p>
<p>identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.</p>						<p>✓</p>
<p>identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals</p>					<p>✓</p>	
<p>identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores</p>					<p>✓</p>	
<p>describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets)</p>					<p>✓</p>	
<p>identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.</p>				<p>✓</p>		

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 1 - National curriculum Science content Pupils should be taught to:	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 1 - Year 1				
		<u>Seasonal changes</u>	<u>Everyday materials</u>	<u>Sensitive bodies</u>	<u>Comparing animals</u>	<u>Introduction to plants</u>
distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made	Scientific knowledge and understanding		✓			
identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock			✓			
describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials				✓		
compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.				✓		
observe changes across the four seasons			✓			
observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.			✓			

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 1 and 2 - National curriculum Science content Pupils should be taught to use the following practical scientific methods, processes and skills through the teaching of the programme of study content:	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 1 - Year 2				
		<u>Habitats</u>	<u>Micro-habitats</u>	<u>Uses of everyday materials</u>	<u>Life cycles and health</u>	<u>Plant growth</u>
asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways	Working scientifically	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
observing closely, using simple equipment			✓	✓	✓	✓
performing simple tests			✓	✓		✓
identifying and classifying		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions			✓	✓	✓	✓
gathering and recording data to help in answering questions.		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

<p>Year 2 - National curriculum Science content</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to:</p>	<p>Kapow Primary's Science strands</p>	<p>Kapow Primary topics Key stage 1 - Year 2</p>				
		<p><u>Habitats</u></p>	<p><u>Micro-habitats</u></p>	<p><u>Uses of everyday materials</u></p>	<p><u>Life cycles and health</u></p>	<p><u>Plant growth</u></p>
<p>explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive</p>	<p>Scientific knowledge and understanding</p>	✓				
<p>identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other</p>		✓	✓			
<p>identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including microhabitats</p>		✓	✓			
<p>describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.</p>		✓				
<p>observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants</p>						✓
<p>find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.</p>						✓

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 2- National curriculum Science content Pupils should be taught to:	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 1 - Year 2				
		<u>Habitats</u>	<u>Micro-habitats</u>	<u>Uses of everyday materials</u>	<u>Life cycles and health</u>	<u>Plant growth</u>
notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults	Scientific knowledge and understanding				✓	
find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air)					✓	
describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene.					✓	
identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses				✓		
find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching				✓		

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

<p>Year 3 and 4- National curriculum Science content</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to use the following practical scientific methods, processes and skills through the teaching of the programme of study content:</p>	<p>Kapow Primary's Science strands</p>	<p>Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 3</p>												
	<p>Working scientifically</p>	<p><u>Movement and nutrition</u></p>	<p><u>Forces and magnets</u></p>	<p><u>Rocks and soil</u></p>	<p><u>Lights and shadows</u></p>	<p><u>Plant reproduction</u></p>								
<p>asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them</p>				✓	✓	✓								
<p>setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests</p>				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
<p>making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers</p>					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
<p>gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions</p>						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
<p>recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables</p>							✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
<p>reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions</p>								✓		✓	✓	✓		
<p>using results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions</p>										✓		✓	✓	
<p>identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes</p>										✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<p>using straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings.</p>											✓	✓	✓	✓

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 3 - National curriculum Science content Pupils should be taught to:	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 3				
		<u>Movement and nutrition</u>	<u>Forces and magnets</u>	<u>Rocks and soil</u>	<u>Lights and shadows</u>	<u>Plant reproduction</u>
identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers	Scientific knowledge and understanding					✓
explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant						✓
investigate the way in which water is transported within plants						✓
explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal.						✓
identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat		✓				
identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.		✓				

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 3 - National curriculum Science content	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 3				
		<u>Movement and nutrition</u>	<u>Forces and magnets</u>	<u>Rocks and soil</u>	<u>Lights and shadows</u>	<u>Plant reproduction</u>
Pupils should be taught to:						
compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties	Scientific knowledge and understanding			✓		
describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock				✓		
recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.				✓		
recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light					✓	
notice that light is reflected from surfaces					✓	
recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes					✓	
recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object					✓	
find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change.					✓	

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 3- National curriculum Science content	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 3				
		<u>Movement and nutrition</u>	<u>Forces and magnets</u>	<u>Rocks and soil</u>	<u>Lights and shadows</u>	<u>Plant reproduction</u>
Pupils should be taught to:						
compare how things move on different surfaces	Scientific knowledge and understanding		✓			
notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance			✓			
observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others			✓			
compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials			✓			
describe magnets as having two poles			✓			
predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing.			✓			

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 3 and 4 - National curriculum Science content Pupils should be taught to use the following practical scientific methods, processes and skills through the teaching of the programme of study content:	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 4				
		<u>Digestion and food</u>	<u>Electricity and circuits</u>	<u>States of matter</u>	<u>Sound and vibrations</u>	<u>Classification and changing habitats</u>
asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them	Working scientifically	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests		✓	✓	✓	✓	
making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions		✓	✓	✓	✓	
using results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions		✓	✓	✓	✓	
identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
using straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings.		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 4- National curriculum Science content Pupils should be taught to:	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 4				
		<u>Digestion and food</u>	<u>Electricity and circuits</u>	<u>States of matter</u>	<u>Sound and vibrations</u>	<u>Classification and changing habitats</u>
recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways	Scientific knowledge and understanding	✓				✓
explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment						✓
recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things.						✓
describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans		✓				
identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions		✓				
construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey		✓				✓
compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases				✓		
observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C)				✓		
identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.				✓		

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 4- National curriculum Science content	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 4				
		Digestion and food	Electricity and circuits	States of matter	Sound and vibrations	Classification and changing habitats
Pupils should be taught to:						
identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating	Scientific knowledge and understanding				✓	
recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear					✓	
find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it					✓	
find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it					✓	
recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases.					✓	
identify common appliances that run on electricity			✓			
construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers			✓			
identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery			✓			
recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit			✓			
recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors.			✓			

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

<p>Year 5 and 6 - National curriculum Science content</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to use the following practical scientific methods, processes and skills through the teaching of the programme of study content:</p>	<p>Kapow Primary's Science strands</p>	<p>Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 5</p>					
		<p><u>Mixtures and separation</u></p>	<p><u>Properties and changes</u></p>	<p><u>Earth and space</u></p>	<p><u>Life cycles and reproduction</u></p>	<p><u>Imbalanced forces</u></p>	<p><u>Human timeline</u></p>
<p>planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary</p>	<p>Working scientifically</p>	✓	✓		✓	✓	
<p>taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate</p>		✓	✓		✓	✓	
<p>recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs</p>		✓	✓			✓	✓
<p>using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests</p>					✓	✓	✓
<p>reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations</p>		✓	✓			✓	✓
<p>identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.</p>				✓		✓	

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 5 - National curriculum Science content Pupils should be taught to:	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 5					
		<u>Mixtures and separation</u>	<u>Properties and changes</u>	<u>Earth and space</u>	<u>Life cycles and reproduction</u>	<u>Imbalanced forces</u>	<u>Human timeline</u>
describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird	Scientific knowledge and understanding				✓		✓
describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals.					✓		✓
describe the changes as humans develop to old age.							✓
compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets			✓				
know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution		✓					
use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating		✓					
give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic			✓				
demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes		✓					
explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda.			✓				

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 5 - National curriculum Science content Pupils should be taught to:	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 5					
		<u>Mixtures and separation</u>	<u>Properties and changes</u>	<u>Earth and space</u>	<u>Life cycles and reproduction</u>	<u>Imbalanced forces</u>	<u>Human timeline</u>
describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system	Scientific knowledge and understanding			✓			
describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth				✓			
describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies				✓			
use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky.				✓			
explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object				✓		✓	
identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces						✓	
recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.						✓	

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

<p>Year 5 and 6 - National curriculum Science content</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to use the following practical scientific methods, processes and skills through the teaching of the programme of study content:</p>	<p>Kapow Primary's Science strands</p>	<p>Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 6</p>					
	<p>Working scientifically</p>	<p><u>Classifying big and small</u></p>	<p><u>Light and reflection</u></p>	<p><u>Evolution and inheritance</u></p>	<p><u>Circuits, batteries and switches</u></p>	<p><u>Circulation and exercise</u></p>	
<p>planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary</p>				✓	✓	✓	✓
<p>taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate</p>				✓		✓	✓
<p>recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs</p>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<p>using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests</p>				✓	✓	✓	✓
<p>reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations</p>				✓	✓	✓	✓
<p>identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.</p>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 6 - National curriculum Science content Pupils should be taught to:	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 6				
		<u>Classifying big and small</u>	<u>Light and reflection</u>	<u>Evolution and inheritance</u>	<u>Circuits, batteries and switches</u>	<u>Circulation and exercise</u>
describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including microorganisms, plants and animals	Scientific knowledge and understanding	✓				
give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics.		✓				
identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood						✓
recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function						✓
describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans.						✓
recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago				✓		
recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents				✓		
identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution.				✓		

National curriculum by Kapow Primary's themes and units

Year 6 - National curriculum Science content	Kapow Primary's Science strands	Kapow Primary topics Key stage 2 - Year 6				
		<u>Classifying big and small</u>	<u>Light and reflection</u>	<u>Evolution and inheritance</u>	<u>Circuits, batteries and switches</u>	<u>Circulation and exercise</u>
Pupils should be taught to:						
recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines	Scientific knowledge and understanding		✓			
use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye			✓			
explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes			✓			
use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them.			✓			
associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit					✓	
compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches					✓	
use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram.					✓	

Version history

This page shows updates that have been made to this document.

Date	Update
18.07.23	Statement was omitted from Y1 National curriculum (p.4) in error. Now included.
01.09.23	Updated to reflect newly-published content.